



AppIntent: Analyzing Sensitive Data Transmission in Android for Privacy Leakage Detection

ZheMin Yang⁺, Min Yang⁺, Yuan Zhang⁺,
Guofei Gu^{*}, Peng Ning^{**}, X.Sean Wang⁺

⁺Fudan University

^{*}Texas A&M University

^{**}North Carolina State University



Beyond privacy leakage

Analyzing Suspicious Application in Android for Privacy Malware Leakage Detection
Transmission

- Recent malware
 - Do suspicious behavior
 - Stealthy (To evade the detection/analysis)



Evasion Techniques

- To Evade the Dynamic Analysis:
 - Anti-virtualization, Anti-debugging, Anti-dumping, Anti-intercepting
 - Packing
 - **Hide deep**(Hide after registration)
- To Evade the Static Analysis:
 - Obfuscation, Packing
 - **Utilize the gap between suspicious and malicious**



From suspicious to malicious

- Reveal suspicious
 - Android permission system
 - Static analysis techniques

- **Why not analyze malicious behavior instead of suspicious?**

Because it's hard to automatically judge the intention.

Focus of AppIntent: visualize the intention.



Privacy Protection

ISOLATION

ACCESS CONTROL



Sensitive Data Transmission \neq Privacy Leakage

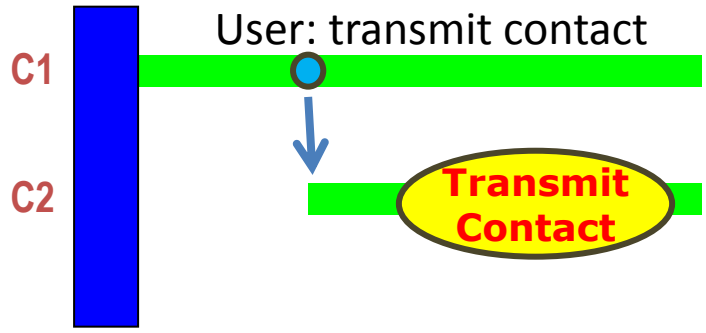
Difference: Whether it is user-intended



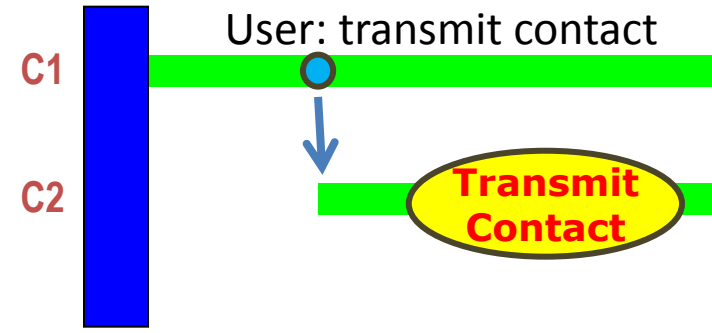


User-intended & Unintended Data Transmission

User-intended Data Transmission

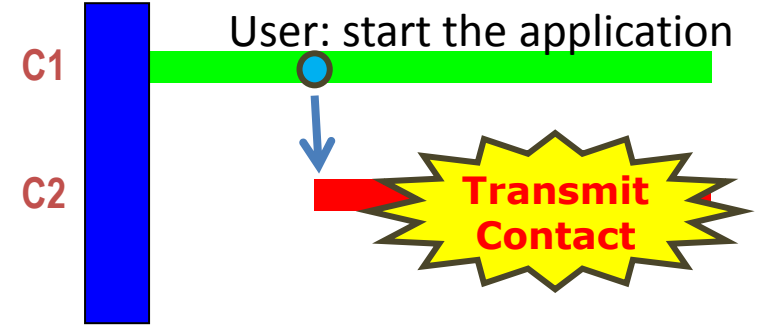
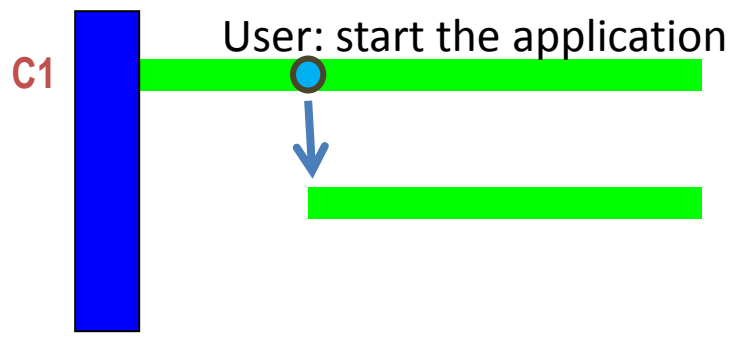


What you expect



What the app functions

Unintended Data Transmission(Privacy Leakage)





Outline

- Why we need AppIntent
- Demos
- Using AppIntent to analyze sensitive data transmission
- Evaluation Result



State-of-the-art

- Static Analysis(*PLDI'09*, *NDSS'11*, etc.)
 - **No user intention or context information**
 - Cannot separate user-intended operations from unintended ones
- Dynamic Taint Tracking(*MICRO'04*, TaintDroid *OSDI'10*, etc.)
 - **Irrelevant events**



State-of-the-art

- BLADE(*CCS'10*) / Vision(*MCS'11*)
 - Works only if app contains End-user license agreements(EULA) or explicit notification
- Pegasus(*NDSS'13*)
 - Only work on permissions
 - Need define application-specific properties for evaluated apps

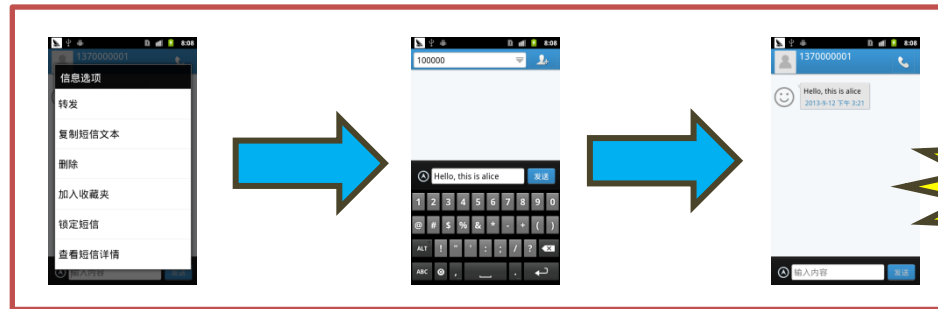


AppIntent

- Help analyst determine:
 - whether the transmission is user intended



- Present **context information** in which:
 - Sensitive data transmission occurs





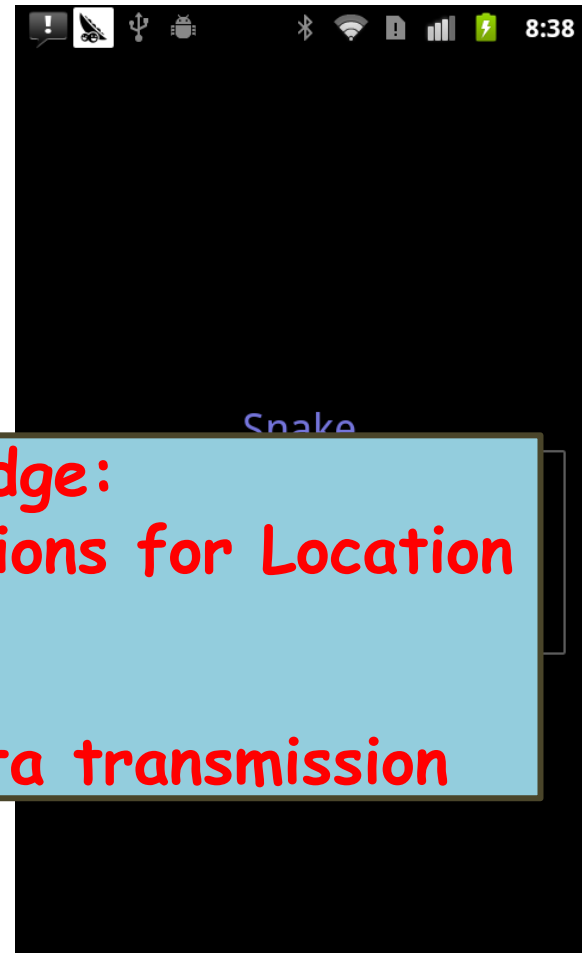
Outline

- Why we need AppIntent
- **Demos**
- Using AppIntent to analyze sensitive data transmission
- Evaluation Result



Demos

- TapSnake
 - An Android game
 - Output of AppIntent:
 - Automatic driven execution that:



Start Application

Analyst's Judge:

No user triggered operations for Location send

NOT user-intended data transmission



Demos

- Anzhuoduanxin
 - An SMS management app
 - Output of AppIntent:
 - Automatic driven execution that:

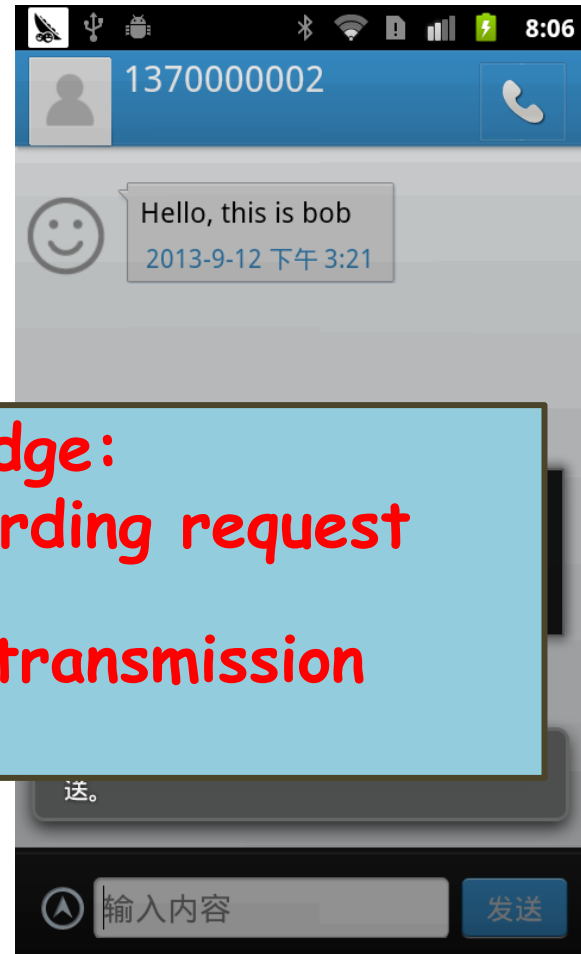
Dead SMS Messages

Analyst's Judge:
This is an SMS forwarding request
user-intended data transmission
Video

Click in the receiver

Click Button "Send"

Message sent





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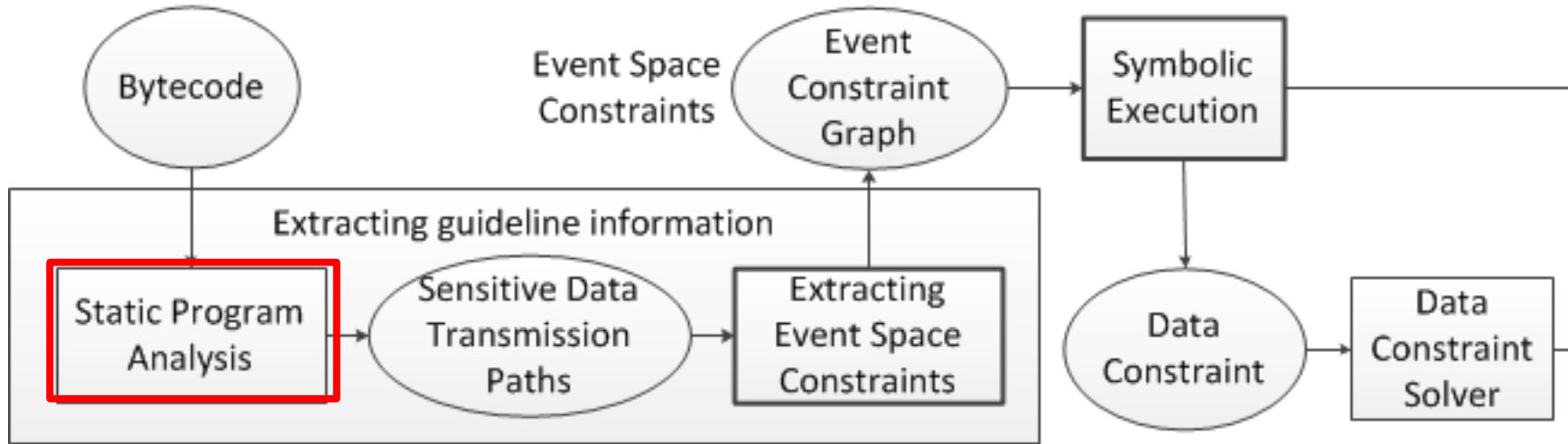


Overall architecture

- Goal of AppIntent
 - Generate and present context information
- Context information ← app inputs
 - **Data inputs** which contain text inputs from outside and
 - **Event inputs** from user interactions by GUI interface and from system through IPC
- Precise context information
 - AppIntent focuses on **critical app inputs** in which:
 - Irrelevant events are not included



Overall architecture

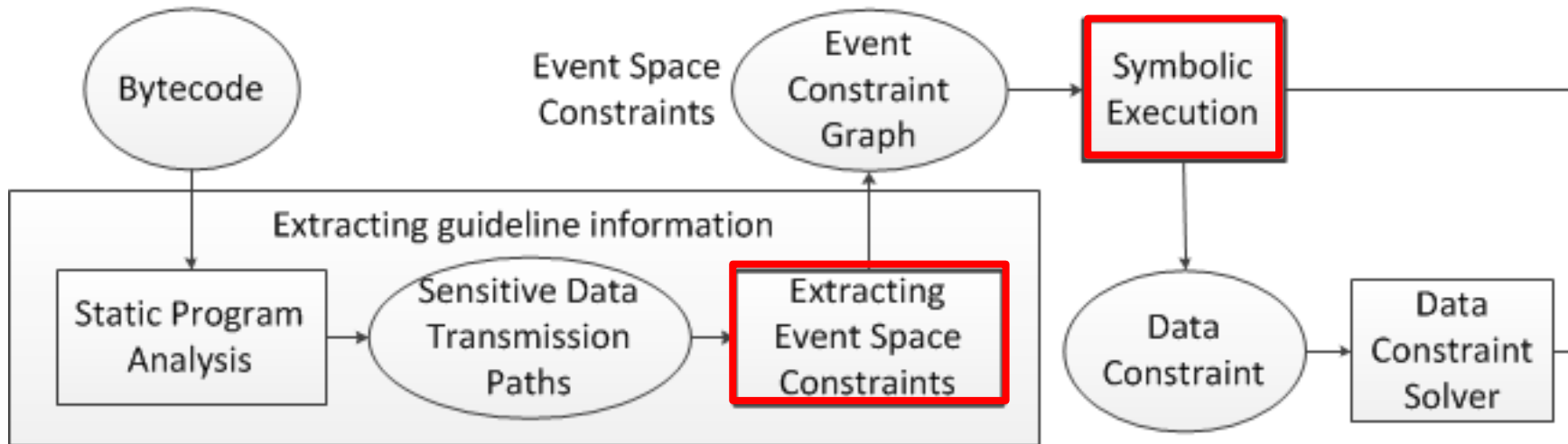


- **Static Taint Analysis**

- preprocess and extract all possible data transmission paths
- Existing techniques



Overall architecture

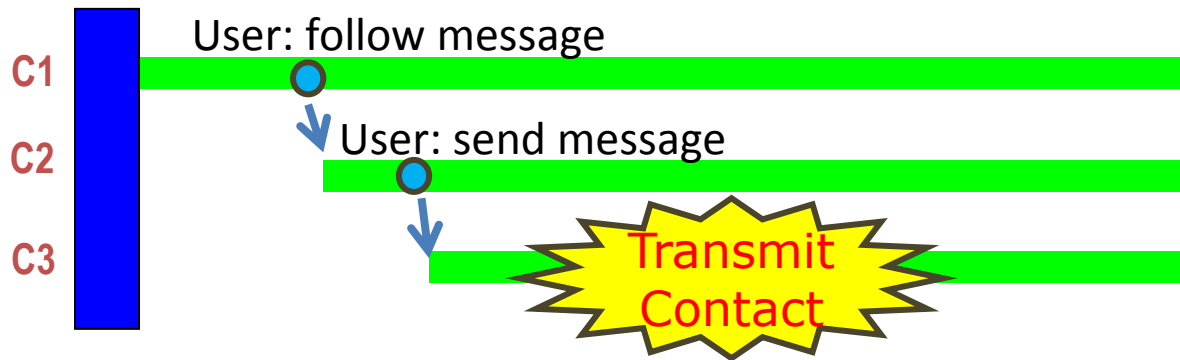


- Generate context information
 - ***Event-Space Constraint Guided Symbolic Execution*** (introduce below)
- Present context information
 - The controlled execution (The demos)



AppIntent

Step1: Generate context information



- Given a possible sensitive data transmission
- Extract critical inputs through ***Event-Space Constraint Guided Symbolic Execution***



Symbolic Execution

can and cannot

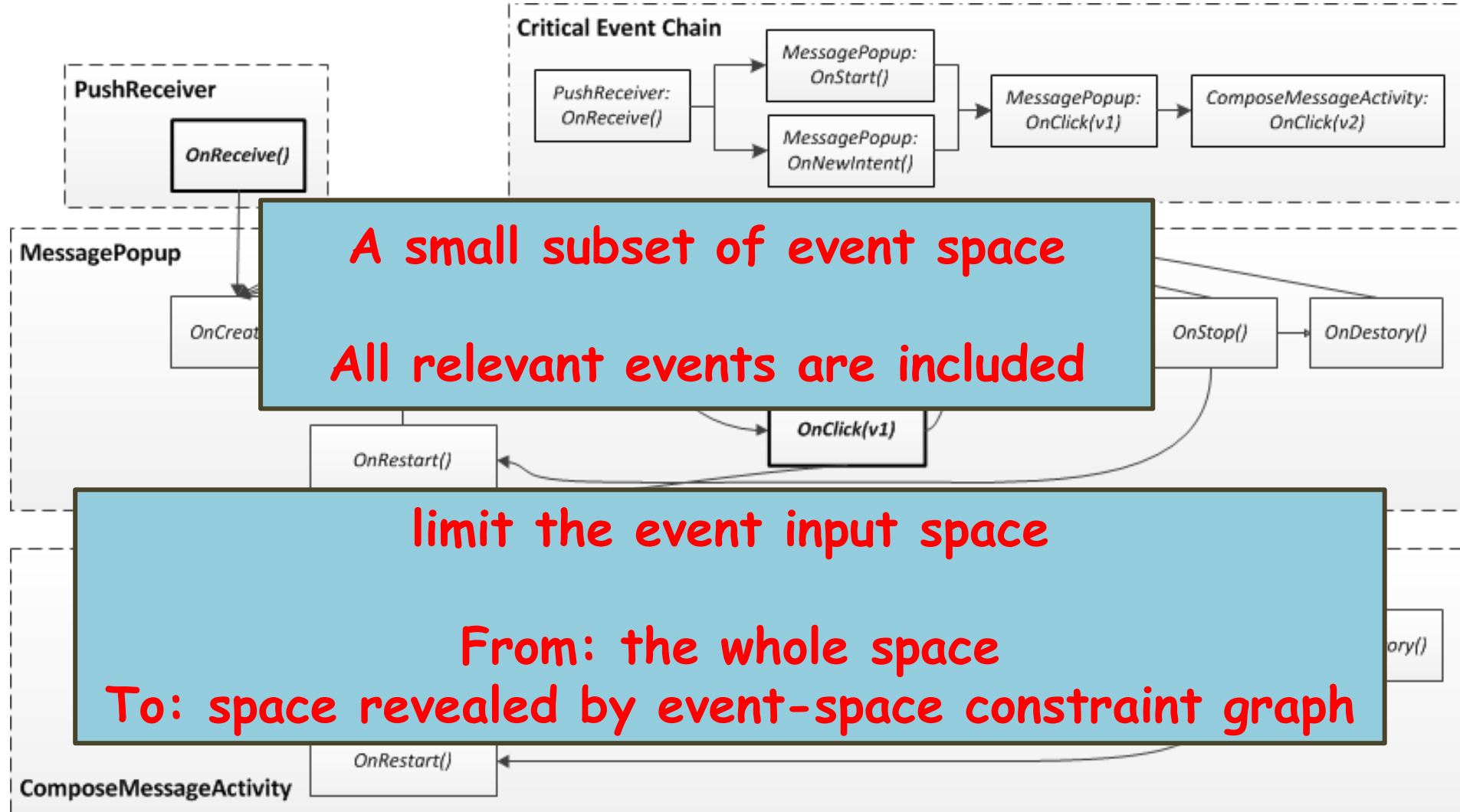
- Symbolic execution is a traversal process.
 - Performance restricted by the size of search space.
- Symbolic Execution can:
 - Produce data inputs for certain app behavior.

We need to limit the event input space

- State-of-the-art Symbolic Execution cannot:
 - Efficiently traverse the ***event input*** space.
 - Explosion of event space
 - That's what AppIntent solved.



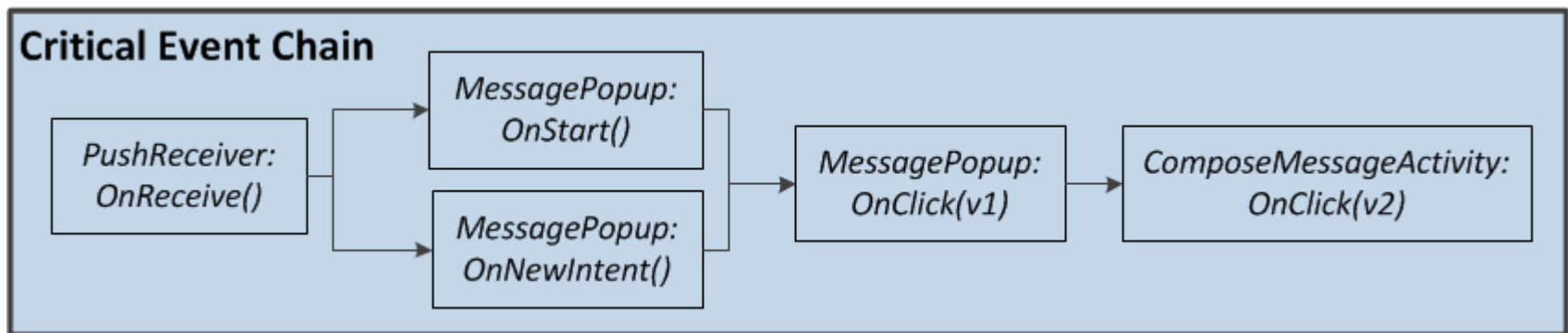
Event-space constraint graph





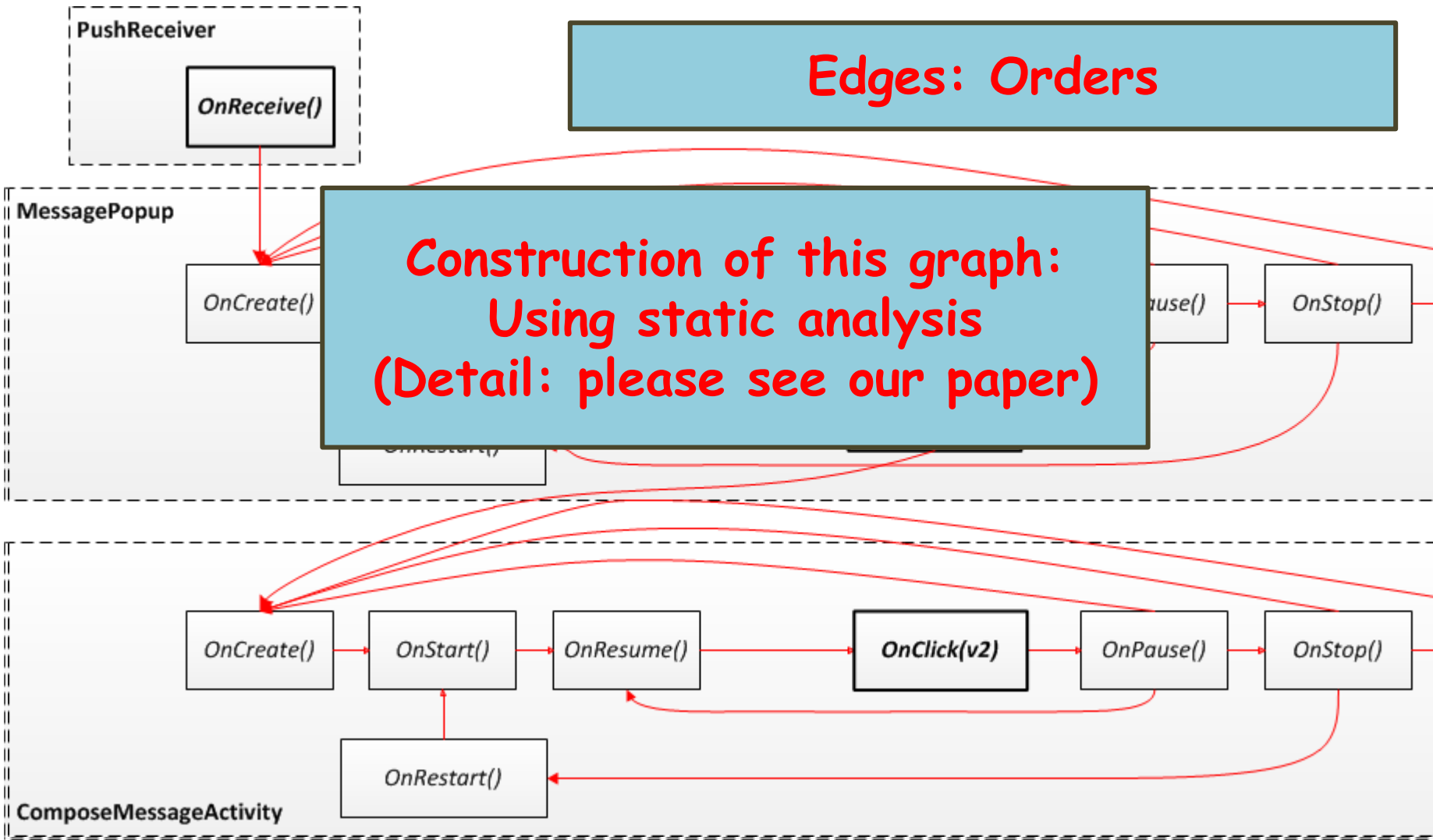
Event-space constraint graph

Critical Event: contains at least one instruction of the sensitive data transmission path



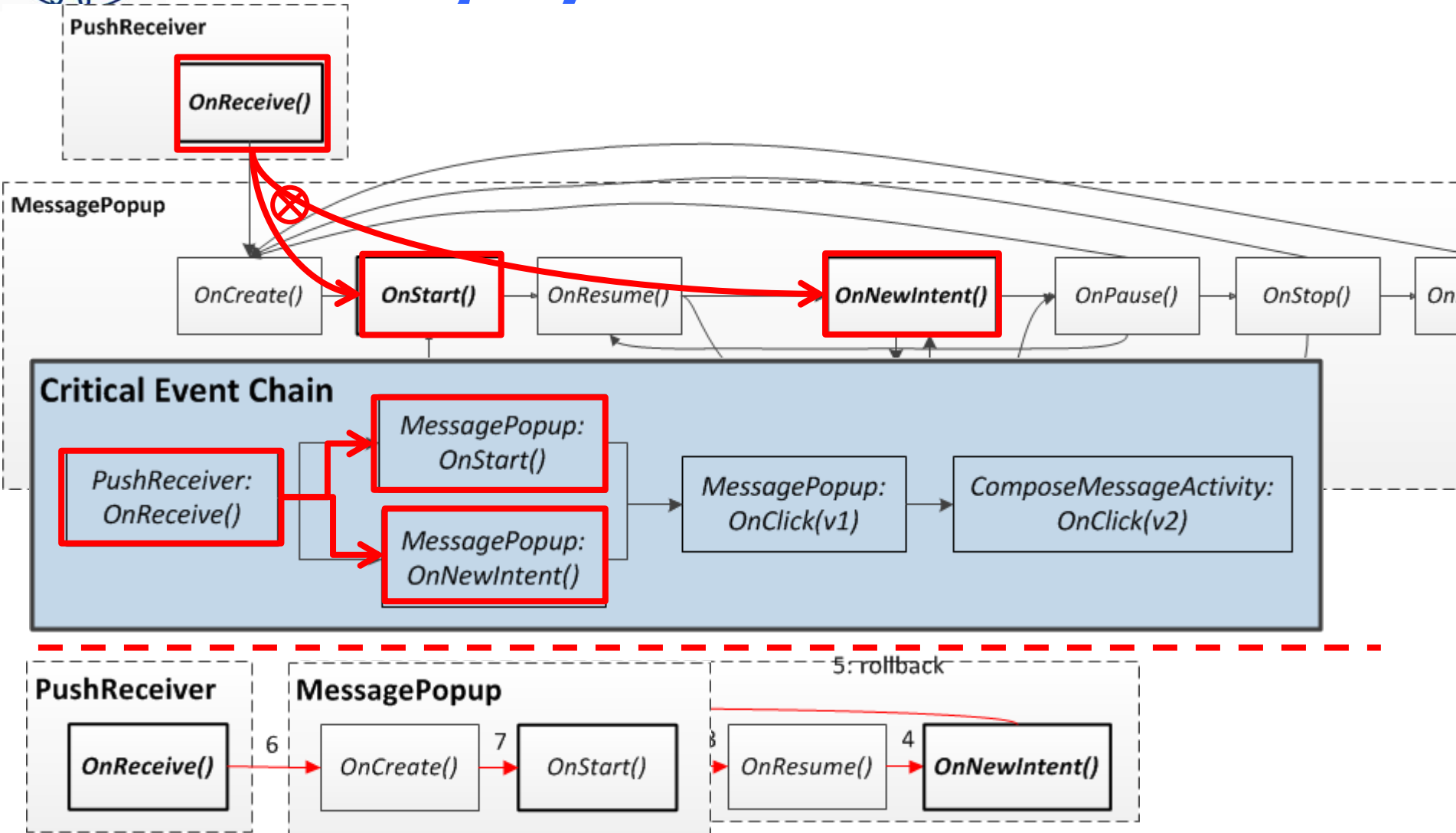


Event-space constraint graph



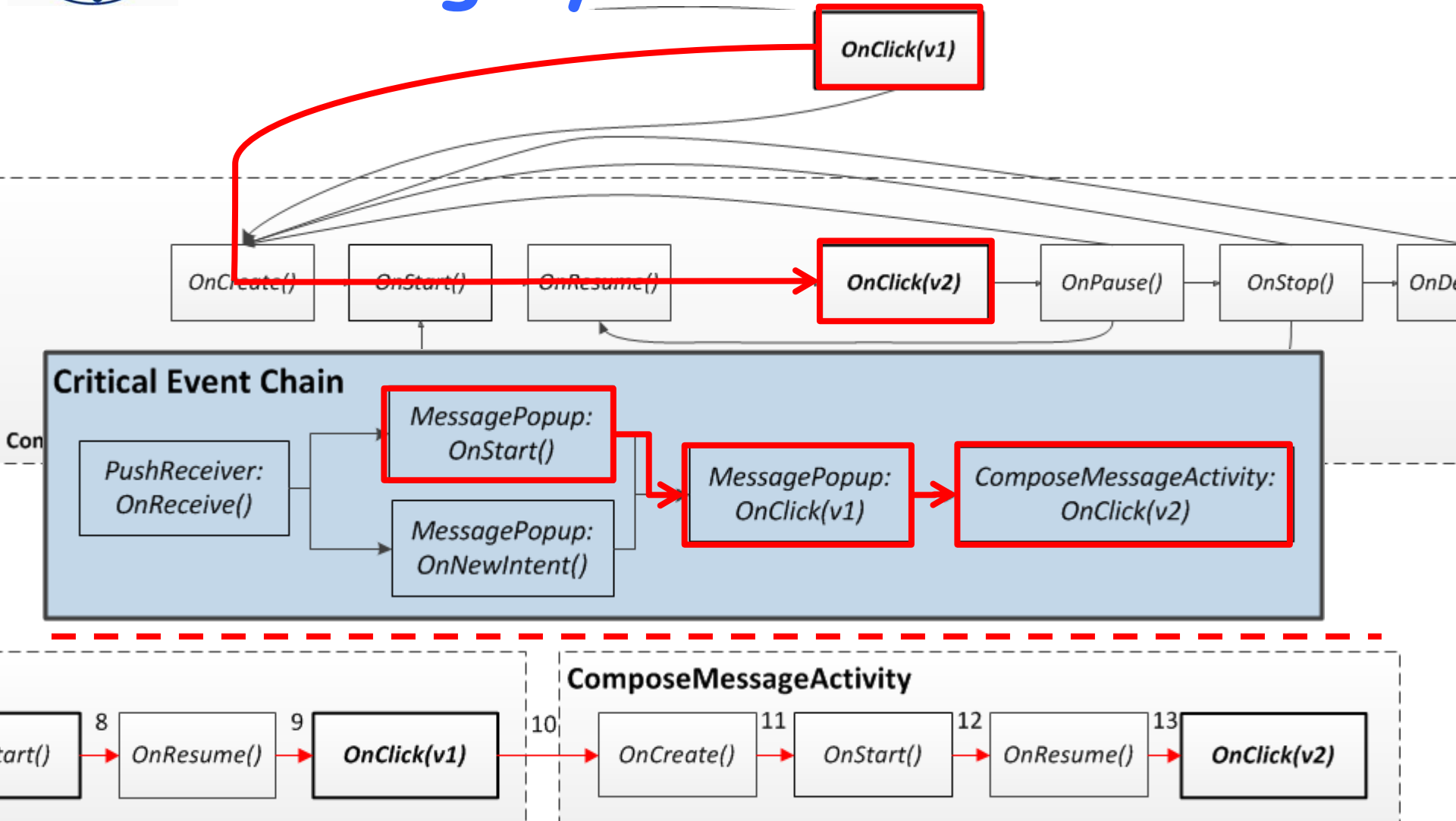


Guiding symbolic execution





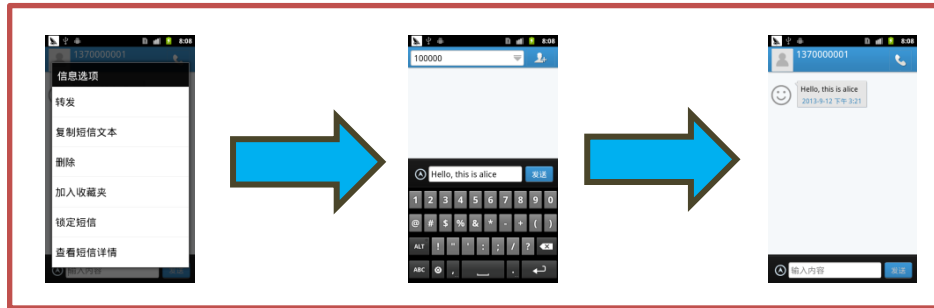
Guiding symbolic execution





AppIntent

Step2: Generate a controlled execution



- Given the app inputs
- Generate an execution which
 - Automatically trigger user interaction
 - Highlight activated views/sensitive data read and transmission
 - (details see our paper)



Outline

- Why we need AppIntent
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Evaluation

- Evaluation Platform

- Implement on:

- Soot for static analysis
 - JavaPathfinder for symbolic execution
 - Android InstrumentationTestRunner for controlled execution

- Evaluate on:

- Intel Xeon machine with 2 8-core 2.0GHz CPU
 - 32 GB memory
 - Debian Linux kernel version 2.6.32
 - Android version 2.3



Effectiveness of

Event-space constraint guided symbolic execution

Case	Origin (10 events) (hours)		Origin (20 events) (hours)		AppIntent (hours)	
Maps	5.43		>120		0.40	
youlu	0.97		>120		0.13	
Weixin	21.56		>120		1.33	



Effectiveness of AppIntent

Better coverage & precision than TaintDroid

Source	Unintended/ Intended Data Transmission	TaintDroid
Device ID	198/0	101
Phone Info	50/0	0
Location	46/4	11
Contacts	1/10	0
SMS	16/3	0
Total	219/17	125



Effectiveness of AppIntent

- Apps from Google Play

Source	Unintended/ Intended Data Transmission	TaintDroid
Device ID	24/0	37
Phone Info	0/0	19
Location	0/13	5
Contacts	1/9	3
SMS	1/7	0
Total	26/29	40



Usability of AppIntent

- Cases
 - 100 random cases reported
- Users
 - 3 Android experts
- Results
 - Decision made in less than one minute after the driven execution finishes
 - Result of 98 cases are the same as our judgment
 - 2 remaining cases are all about IMEI



Conclusion

- User intended/unintended sensitive data transmission
- AppIntent system to reveal user intension behind data transmission
- Event-space constraint guided symbolic execution
 - Event-space explosion problem
 - Guiding symbolic execution with event-space constraint graph
- Effectiveness and Usage
 - Effectively solve the search-space explosion problem
 - Effectively distinguish sensitive data transmissions
 - Easy to use



Thanks

AppIntent

Analyzing Sensitive Data
Transmission in Android
for
Privacy Leakage
Detection

Questions?

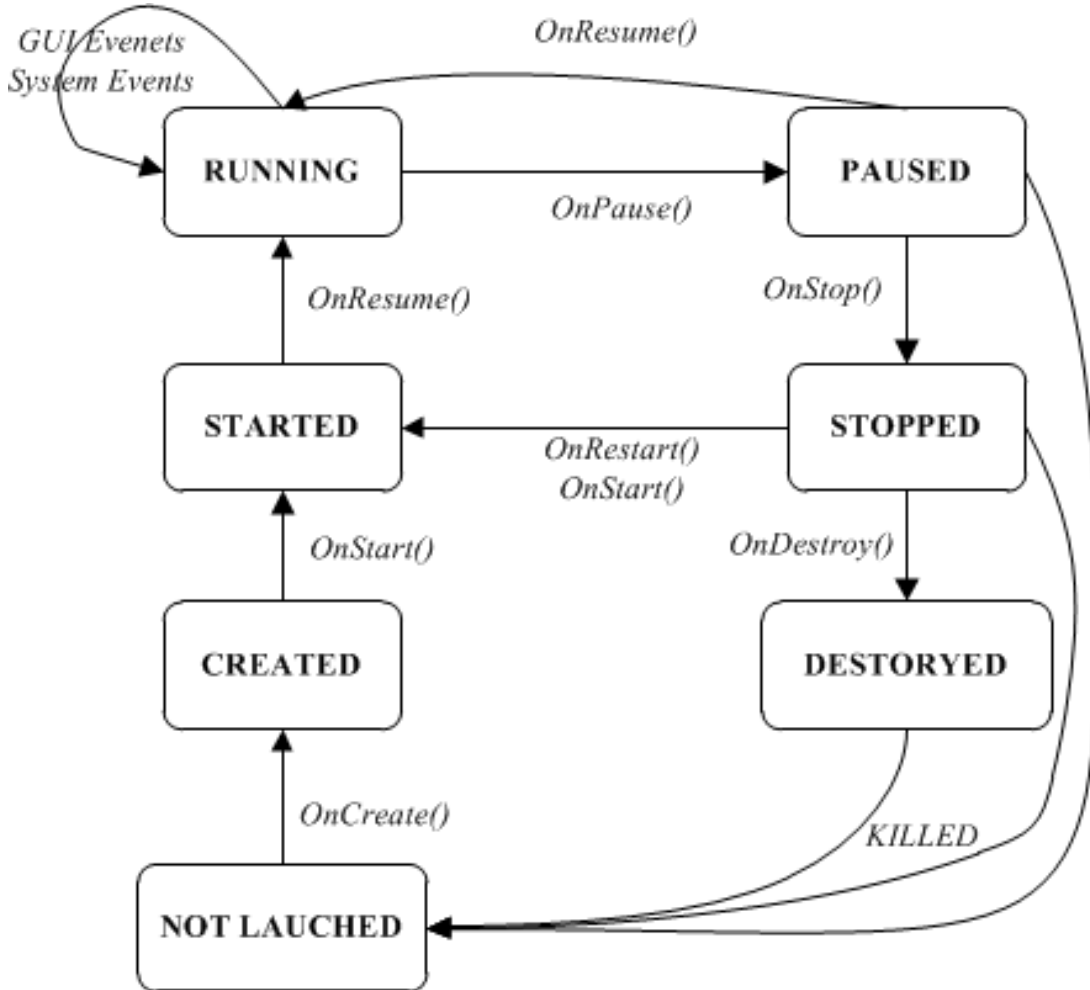




Backup slides



Background: Android execution model



Callbacks of lifecycle states

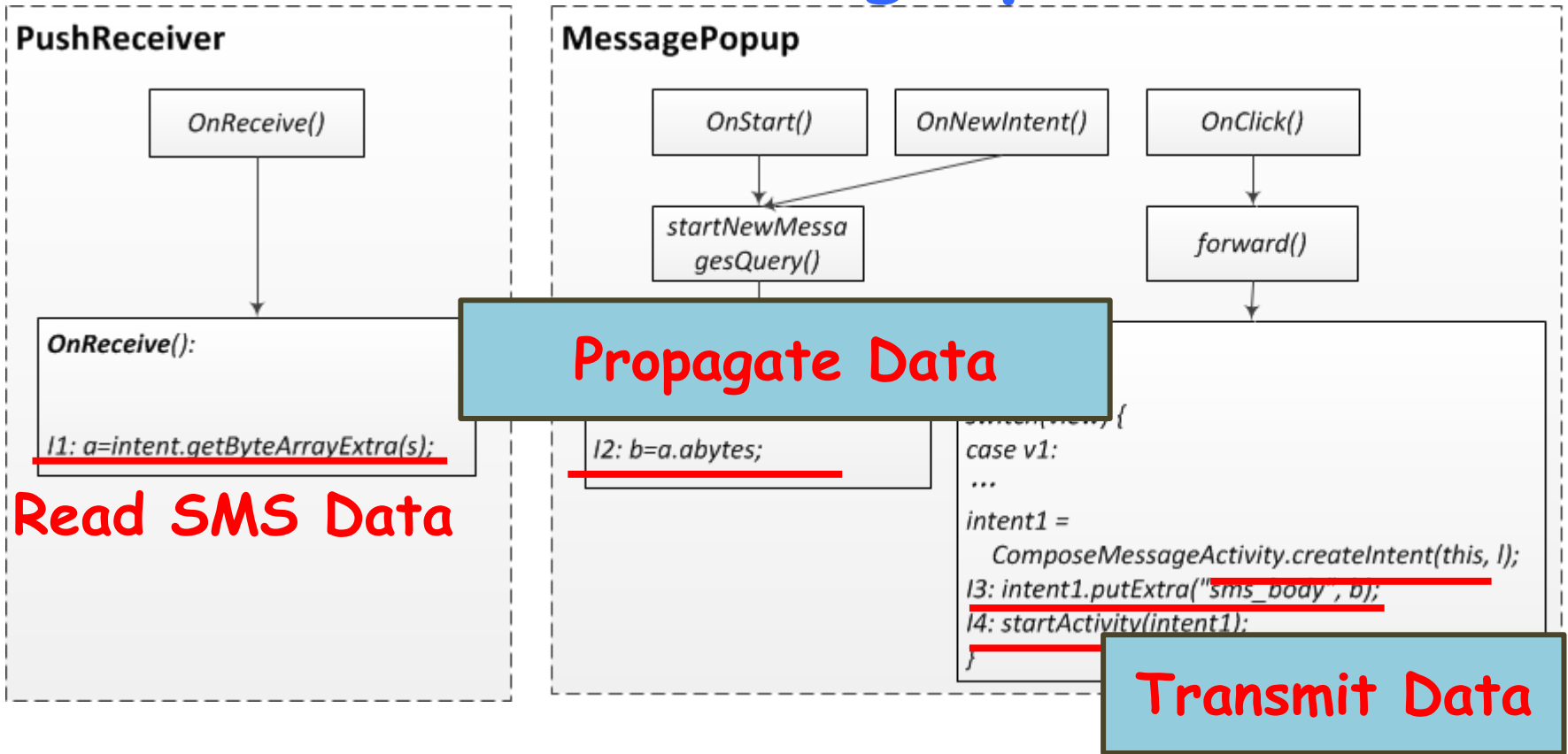
- onStart, onPause...

GUI/system events

- Click button, location change, etc.



Construct event-space constraint graph



Sensitive data transmission path: {i1,i2,i3,i4,i5,i6}



Construct event-space constraint graph

PushReceiver

OnReceive()

OnReceive():

I1: a=intent.getByteArrayExtra(s);

MessagePopup

OnStart()

OnNewIntent()

OnClick()

startNewMessagesQuery()

forward()

startNewMessagesQuery():

I2: b=a.abytes;

forward(v):

```
switch(view) {  
case v1:  
...  
intent1 =  
ComposeMessageActivity.createIntent(this, I);  
I3: intent1.putExtra("sms_body", b);  
I4: startActivity(intent1);  
}
```

Critical Event Chain

PushReceiver:
OnReceive()

MessagePopup:
OnStart()

MessagePopup:
OnNewIntent()

MessagePopup:
OnClick(v1)

ComposeMessageActivity:
OnClick(v2)

Co

se
sw
co
...
I5
I6
}



Construct event-space constraint graph

